SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

&

SYLLABUS

OF

BACHELOR OF MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY (RADIOTHERAPY)

AT Rajiv Gandhi Cancer Institute and Research Centre Sector – 5, Rohini, New Delhi, INDIA



AFFILIATED TO Guru Gobind Singh Indraprastha University Kashmere Gate, Delhi



BACHELOR OF MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY (RADIOTHERAPY) w.e.f. August 2008

Programme	BACHELOR OF MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY (RADIOTHERAPY)		
Duration	3 years including internship		
Intake	4 seats + 1 seat for Kashmiri Migrant (non-transferable)		
Seat Allocation/Matrix Category wise (Total 4 +1 (KM, Kashn Category D GEN (Delhi General) D SC (Delhi Schedule Caste) OD GEN (Outside Delhi General)	niri Migrant non transferable Seat) – for BMTR) Seats 2 1 1		
Eligibility	Pass in 12 th class of 10 +2 of CBSE or equivalent with minimum aggregate of 55% marks in physics chemistry and biology provided the candidate has passed in each subject separately. A candidate also must have passed in English (Core or selective or functional) as a subject of studies in the qualifying examination. OR Diploma in Radiotherapy Technology after Pass in 12 th class of 10 +2 of CBSE or equivalent with minimum aggregate of 50% marks in physics chemistry and biology provided the candidate has passed in each subject separately. A candidate also must have passed in English (CORE or selective or functional) as a subject of studies in the qualifying examination having minimum 5 years of experience in Radiotherapy.		
Admission Procedure	Through entrance test, to be conducted by the university as per the syllabus under 10 +2 scheme of CBSE, subject-wise distribution of questions will be as 40% in Physics, 25% in biology, 15% in Chemistry, 10% in English (Language & Comprehension) and 10% in General Awareness about health related methods.		
Examination Scheme*	There shall be internal examinations at the end of first semester, third semester and fifth semester conducted by the department of Radiation Oncology, Rajiv Gandhi Cancer Institute and Research Centre, Sector – 5, Rohini, New Delhi and there shall be annual examinations at the end of second semester, fourth semester and sixth semester at the end of each academic year to be conducted by the GGSIP University.		
Theory	75 marks out of 100 marks – University Term End Examinations at the end of each academic year. 25 marks out of 100 marks – Internal Assessment based upon continuous teacher's assessment through out the year submitted by the institution.		
Practical	 60 marks out of 100 marks – University Term End Examinations at the end of each academic year. [Breakup of 60 marks University test: 30 marks for practical in the form of technique demonstration 15 marks for spotting test 15 marks for viva-voce] 40 marks out of 100 marks – Internal Assessment based upon continuous teacher's assessment through out the year submitted by the institution. 		
* Amendment in the examination s All Practical Examinations shall be a and theory papers shall be same for a	cheme from 2009 onwards: conducted after conducting all the theory examinations. The examiners for conducting the practicals evaluating overall performance of the candidates.		
Eligibility for external /internal examiners	Radiotherapy Oncologists(MD/DNB)/Radiotherapy Medical Physicists(M.Sc./Ph.D)/ Radiotherapy Technologists (B.Sc/ Post B.Sc. DRT) with minimum 5 years experience in concerned specialty subject-wise as.		
Proposed names for external Examiners	 Radiotherapy Technologists: (a) Mr. Hardip Singh, Deptt. Of Radiotherapy, PGI, Chandigarh, Ph. 09855336515 (b) Mr. A. Sridhar, Hyderabad (c) Ms. Lakshmi Iyer, Chief RTT, Jupiter Medical Centre, Mumbai. Radiotherapy Medical Physicists: (a) Dr. S. D. Sharma, Officer Incharge, Radiotherapy Physics and instrumentation, RP & AD, BARC, CT & CRS Building, Anushakti Nagar, Mumbai, Ph. 09969378014, (b) Dr. K. J. Maria Dass, Asstt. Prof., SGPGI, Lucknow. Ph 9450652708 (c) Dr. D. D. Deshpande, Head of Medical Physics, TMH, Parel, Mumbai, Ph. 9819379774. 		

 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{BACHELOR OF MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY (RADIOTHERAPY)} \\ \mbox{w.e.f. August } 2008 \end{array}$

	3. Radiotherapy Oncologists: (a) Prof. G. K. Rath, Head Of the Deptt. Of Radiotherapy, AIIMS, Delhi, Ph. 26589821, (b) Dr. S. C. Sharma, Head, Deptt. Of Radiotherapy, PGI, Chandigarh, Ph. 09914209391, 2601960.(c) Dr. P. K. Julka, Deptt. Of Radiotherapy, AIIMS, Delhi. Ph. 09818825626.
Proposed names for internal	1. Radiotherapy Technologists: (a) Mr. G. S. Wadhawan, Chief RTT, Deptt of RT, RGCI & RC, Delhi,
Examiners	Ph. 9350976211, 25497773. (b) Mr. Pradeep Sharma, Deptt of RT,RGCI & RC, Delhi, Ph 9811081286.
	2. Radiotherapy Medical Physicists: (a) Prof. P. S. Negi, Chief Medical Physicist, Deptt. Of Radiotherapy, RGCI & RC, Delhi, Ph. 9811305925 (b) Mr. R. K. Munjal, Sr. Medical Physicist, Deptt. Of Radiotherapy, RGCI & RC, Delhi, Ph. 9810011314
	Delhi, Ph. 9212472304. (b) Dr.S.Rawat, Sr. consultant, Deptt. of Radiotherapy, RGCI & RC, Delhi. Ph. 9212472304
Declaration of successful student –	a student shall be declared successful on securing/earn all the credits i.e. 162 credits and the student is required to appear in all the examinations.

Annual scheme of 2nd Year Examination for BACHELOR OF MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY (RADIOTHERAPY) AT Rajiv Gandhi Cancer Institute and Research Centre Sector – 5, Rohini, New Delhi, INDIA

SECOND YEAR

Course Code	Subject/Course Name	L	Т	Р	Total	Yearly Credits*
BMTR -201	Radiation Oncology	5				10
BMTR -202	Medical Physics	5				10
BMTR -203	Technical Aspects	5				10
	Practicals/ Viva-voice					
BMTR-251	Radiation Oncology					8
BMTR-252	Medical Physics					8
BMTR-253	Technical Aspects					8
	Total					54

*Yearly Credits have been calculated by multiplying the semester-wise credits by two.

COURSE CONTENTS FOR SECOND YEAR ANNUAL EXAMINATION (THEORY & PRACTICAL)

BMTR -201 RADIATION ONCOLOGY L-5 Credits-10

Cross Sectional Anatomy – Cranial NS				
Care of the Cancer Patient – Skin Care				
Linear Accelerators (Photons) – Common Cancers treated by each modality				
Reproductive System				
Common diseases encountered in the regions – Bone and Muscle				
Linear Accelerator (X and e) – Common Cancers treated by each modality				
Common diseases encountered in the regions – Cardiovascular System				
Radiographic Anatomy – How to identify the different organs / structures on plain x-rays, CT scans / MRI and other				
available imaging modalities				
Common diseases encountered in the regions – Respiratory System and Digestive System				
Cardiovascular System				
Universal precautions and care of cancer patients – Laboratory investigations				
Radiobiology / Molecular Oncology – Radiation effect at cellular level				
Radiobiology / Molecular Oncology – Radiation effect on human tissue				
Radiation effect on the foetus				
Radiographic Anatomy – How to identify the different organs / structures on plain x-rays, CT scans / MRI and other				
available imaging modalities				
Biological modifiers (to include chemotherapy agents commonly used)				
LET				
Oncology and Epidemology (For each identified site the oncology and Epidemology, signs and sympotom, diagnosis				
and general management must be covered) Breast				
Oncology and Epidemology (For each identified site the oncology and Epidemology, signs and sympotom, diagnosis				
and general management must be covered) Gynaeological				
Oncology and Epidemology (For each identified site the oncology and Epidemology, signs and sympotom, diagnosis				
and general management must be covered) Gastro-intestinal tract				
Oncology and Epidemology (For each identified site the oncology and Epidemology, signs and sympotom, diagnosis				
and general management must be covered) Liver				
Oncology and Epidemology (For each identified site the oncology and Epidemology, signs and sympotom, diagnosis				
and general management must be covered) Head & Neck				
Oncology and Epidemology (For each identified site the oncology and Epidemology, signs and sympotom, diagnosis				
and general management must be covered) - Prostate				
Radiation effects on malignant cells & tissues- Fractionation an dits effects				
Clinical Aspects Site Specific- Lung				
Oncology and Epidemology (For each identified site the oncology and Epidemology, signs and sympotom, diagnosis				
and general management must be covered) Lung				
Oncology and Epidemology (For each identified site the oncology and Epidemology, signs and sympotom, diagnosis				
and general management must be covered) Lymphoma				

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Oncology and Epidemology (For each identified site the oncology and Epidemology, signs and sympotom, diagnosis
and general management must be covered) Bladder
Oncology and Epidemology (For each identified site the oncology and Epidemology, signs and sympotom, diagnosis
and general management must be covered) CNS
Oncology and Epidemology (For each identified site the oncology and Epidemology, signs and sympotom, diagnosis
and general management must be covered) Kaposi Sarcoma
Promoting a healthy life style, early detection, screening
Cancer prevention and public education
Treatment Modalities for common malignance to include indications for use, and application- alone or in combination
with other modalities- Radiation Therapy
Benign and malignant disease, Method of spread of malignant disease
Clinical Aspects Site Specific- CNS

Staging and grading system

Introduction to genetics, genetic predisposition and high risk groups

Treatment Modalities for common malignance to include indications for use, and application- alone or in combination with other modalities- Immunotherapy, Hormonal Therapy and Radio nuclide therapies

Clinical Aspects Site Specific- Kaposi Sarcoma

Treatment Modalities for common malignance to include indications for use, and application- alone or in combination with other modalities- Surgery and Chemotherapy

Communication Skills -verbal / non verbal

Treatment Units – IMRT & Specialized Treatments

Ethical cultural issues - Gender, Religion

Clinical Aspects Site Specific-Breast

Clinical Aspects Site Specific-Gastro-intestinal tract

Legal Aspects- Health and safety, Radiation Clinical Aspects Site Specific-Gynecological

Clinical Aspects Site Specific-Liver

Clinical Aspects Site Specific- Head & Neck

Clinical Aspects Site Specific-Prostate

Clinical Aspects Site Specific-Lymphomas

Clinical Aspects Site Specific-Bladder

Clinical Aspects Site Specific- CNS

BMTR-251(Practicals/ Lab) Pertaining to above Topics in Radiation Oncology L-0 Credits-8

BMTR – 202 MEDICAL PHYSICS L-5 Credits-10

Radiographic Anatomy – How to identify the different organs / structures on plain x-rays, CT scans / MRI and other available imaging modalities

Treatment Modalities - Linear Accelerators (Photons) - Principles and function

CT Scanner

CT Simulator

Linear Accelerator (X and e) - Principles and function

Treatment Modalities - Linear Accelerators (Photons) - Advantages and Disadvantages

Heavy Particles - Common Cancers treated by each modality

Linear Accelerator (X and e) - Advantages and Disadvantages

Heavy Particles - Principles and function

Heavy Particles - Advantages and Disadvantages

Nature and Production of Ionising Radiation

Radiotherapy Equipment - Cobalt Treatment Units

Radiographic Anatomy – How to identify the different organs / structures on plain x-rays, CT scans / MRI and other available imaging modalities

Radiotherapy Equipment - Simulator

Linear Accelerator (photons And electrons)

Radiobiological Models

Brachytherapy (the principles pre-loaded or After loaded)Interstitial or intracavitary

Planning and dose calculation - target volume And Organs at rest

Planning and dose calculation- ICRU And Dimensions

Brachytherapy (the principles pre-loaded or After loaded)Interstitial or intracavitary – HDR, LDR, PDR, Radionuclide commonly used

Influence of shielding and FSD on dose distribution-2D

Planning and dose calculation- PDD, OAR And TAR

Planning and dose calculation- TMR, TPR & Isodose charts

Influence of shielding and FSD on dose distribution-3D

Radio nuclide therapy (Unsealed sources)

Planning and dose calculation- Conformal therapy Basic calculation Mean maximum, minimum

Normal tissue tolerance

Planning and dose calculation- Beam Attenuation and compensation

Planning and dose calculation- Conformal therapy Basic calculation Number of fractions, treatment time, monitor units, beam attenuators

Patient treatment chart

Planning and dose calculation- Conformal therapy Basic calculation tumour dose

Treatment Units - IMRT & Specialized Treatments

Planning and dose calculation- Beam Attenuation and compensation

Physics Aspects Site Specific-Breast

Physics Aspects Site Specific-Gastro-intestinal tract

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Physics Aspects Site Specific-Liver
Physics Aspects Site Specific-Gynecological
Physics Aspects Site Specific- Head & Neck
Quality Assurance/ Control Protocols (evidence based)
Physics Aspects Site Specific- Prostate
Quality Assurance/ Control equipments
Quality Assurance/ Control Audits
Quality Assurance/ Control Incident registration
Physics Aspects Site Specific-Lung
Basics-cobalt unit
Physics Aspects Site Specific- Bladder

BMTR-252 (Practicals/ Labs) Pertaining to above Topics in Medical Physics L-0 Credits-8

TECHNICAL ASPECTS L-5 Credits-10

Radiotherapy Equipment - Simulator
Positioning Aids and Treatment Accessories on Treatment Units
Universal precautions for cancer patients - Dietary advice
Dietary advice for Diabetics
Mould room activities- Material used for Shielding
Mould room activities- Individual shielding
Mould room activities- Management of pollution and hazards
Simulation- Definition of target volumes And Organs at risk
Simulation- documentation and contours
Advantages and disadvantages of treatment modalities
Film processing
Technical Aspects Site Specific-Lung
Labeled diagram of simulator with Features of dark room X-ray processing
Introduction of treatment simulator
Importance of grid
Simulation process
Short information on patient positioning & immobilization during simulation
Definition of localization during simulation
Methods for obtaining external patient contours
Technical Aspects Site Specific-Gastro-intestinal tract
Resimulation /plan check
Technical Aspects Site Specific-Breast
Electronic portal imaging device
Technical Aspects Site Specific- Prostate
Introduction to heavy particles, or particle generator for radiotherapy
Principles & functions of treatment modalities
Technical Aspects Site Specific- Lymphomas
Technical Aspects Site Specific- Bladder
Technical Aspects Site Specific- CNS
Comparison in medical linear accelerators of Elekta, Siemens, Varian, & Philips

BMTR-253 (Practicals/ Labs) Pertaining to above Topics in Technical Aspects L-0 Credits-8

BMTR -203

Annual scheme of 3rd Year Examination for BACHELOR OF MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY (RADIOTHERAPY) AT Rajiv Gandhi Cancer Institute and Research Centre Sector – 5, Rohini, New Delhi, INDIA

THIRD YEAR

Course Code	Subject/Course Name	L	Т	Р	Total	Yearly Credits*
BMTR -301	Radiation Oncology	5				10
BMTR -302	Medical Physics	5				10
BMTR -303	Technical Aspects	5				10
	Practicals/ Viva-voice					
BMTR-351	Radiation Oncology					8
BMTR-352	Medical Physics					8
BMTR-353	Technical Aspects					8
	Total					54

*Yearly Credits have been calculated by multiplying the semester-wise credits by two.

COURSE CONTENTS FOR THIRD YEAR ANNUAL EXAMINATION (THEORY & PRACTICAL)

BMTR -301 RADIATION ONCOLOGY L-5 Credits-10

Clinical - Special Techniques Pediatrics
Clinical - Total Body Irradiation
Clinical-Intra-operative Radiotherapy
Intensity Modulated Radiation Therapy
Clinical - Special Techniques Total Skin Irradiation
Clinical - Special Techniques Stereotactic
Clinical LDR & HDR Intracavitary Brachytherapy
Clinical Interstitial implants LDR & HDR
Clinical – PET-CT
Clinical-KV-CBCT and on Board Imaging
Clinical-Image Guided Radiotherapy
Clinical- Respiratory Gated Radiotherapy in Lung
Clinical-4D CT Imaging and Simulation
Clinical- Role of MRI/CT/PET in Target Delineation
Clinical Parametres for Quality Assurance in External Beam Radiotherapy
3DCRT
IMRT
IGRT
Brachtherapy
Clinical- Tomotherapy
Clinical- Cyberknife
Clinical-Gamma Knife
Clinical –Proton and Ion Therapy
Clinical- Requirement of Radiation safety in Radiotherapy
Clinical- Requirement of Radiation Safety of patients, Radiation worker and public
Clinical Requirements of designing a Radiotherapy fascility
Assistance in Clinical trials

BMTR-351(Practicals/ Lab) Pertaining to above Topics in Radiation Oncology L-0 Credits-8

BMTR -302	Medical Physics	L-5	Credits-10	
Physics - Special Techniques I	Pediatrics			
Physics - Total Body Irradiation	n			
Principle of Radiotherapy sa	ıfety			
Physics-Intra-operative Radioth	ierapy			
Internetter Madulated Dadietien	These			
	Петару			
Physics - Special Techniques T	otal Skin Irradiation			
Physics - Special Techniques S	Stereotactic			
Linear Accelerator specilise	d Treatment			
Physics- LDR & HDR Intra	cavitary Brachytherapy			
Physics- Interstitial implants	SLDR & HDR			
Physics of PET-CT				
Physics-KV-CBC1 and on I	Soard Imaging			
Principles of Image Guided R	adiotherapy			
Physics of 4D CT Imaging	and Simulation			
MRI/CT/PET in Target Del	inegation for TPS			
Physical Parametres for Ou	ality Assurance in External	Ream Radioth	erany	
3DCRT	anty Assurance in External		erupy	
IMRT				
IGRT				
Brachtherapy				
Physics of Tomotherapy				
Physics of Cyberknife				
Physics of Gamma Knife				
Physics Proton and Ion Ther	ару			
ICRP and IAEA guidelines	of Radiation safety in Radio	otherapy for pa	atients, Radiation worker and public	
Physical Requirements of d	esigning a Radiotherapy fas	cility		
Assistance in Dosimetric Pr	ocedurs			

BMTR-352 (Practicals/ Labs) Pertaining to above Topics in Medical Physics L-0 Credits-8

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Technical - Special Techniques	Pediatrics		
Technical - Total Body Irradiat	ion		
Treatment Delivery Techniqu	es –Proton and Ion Therapy		
Physicsl-Intra-operative Radioth	erapy		
Intensity Modulated Radiation T	herapy		
Shielding Practices for patient	ts, Radiation worker and public		
	· · · ·		
Technical- Special Techniques T	otal Skin Irradiation		
Technical - Special Techniques	Stereotactic		
Technical LDR & HDR Intra	cavitary Brachytherapy		
Technical Interstitial implants	LDR & HDR		
Simulation Techniques on PE	T-CT		
Role of KV-CBCT and on Bo	ard Imaging in Patient set-up		
Technical requirement of Ima	ge Guided Radiotherapy		
Technical requirement of Res	piratory Gated Radiotherapy in Lung		
Techniques of 4D CT Imagin	g and Simulation		
Virtual Simulation Technique	es with MRI/CT/PET		
Technical Parametres for Qua	lity Assurance in External Beam Radiothe	rapy	
Radiation safety Technical As	spects		
3DCRT	<u>^</u>		
IMRT			
IGRT			
Brachtherapy			
Treatment Treatment Delivery	y Delivery Techniques -Tomotherapy		
- Treatment Delivery Technig	ues Cyberknife		
Treatment Delivery Techniqu	es -Clinical-Gamma Knife		
Technical Requirements of d	esigning a Radiotherapy fascility		
Assistance in Implimentation	or new techniques.		
Demonstrate an ability	to anticipate the physical and p	sychological needs	of the cancer
patient and respond to	them.	eyenelegical neede	
Demonstrate the ability	v to communicate with case with	other staff involved	t in the
	i to communicate with ease with	i other stan involved	
multidisciplinary treatm	ient of the cancer patient		
Increasingly participate	as a team member in all aspec	ts of the natient's m	anagement in
radiothoropy in proper	ation to work as a qualified radio	tion thoronist	
radiomerapy in prepara	alion to work as a quaimed fadia	mon merapist	

BMTR-353 (Practicals/ Labs) Pertaining to above Topics in Technical Aspects L-0 Credits-8

BMTR – 303 TECHNICAL ASPECTS L-5

Credits-10

List of recommended Books:

- 1. Textbook of Radiation therapy_ PHILIPS
- 2. The physics of Radiation therapy _ F.M. Khan
- 3. Radiation therapy Physics_ HENDEE
- 4. Fundamental Physics of Radiology_ MEREDITH
- 5. Principles and practice of radiation oncology _ PEREZ
- 6. Textbook of Radiotherapy- Radiation Physcis, therapy and Oncology_C.K. Bomford, I.H. Kunkler, B.W. Hancock
- 7. Technical Basis of Radiation therapy-Practical Clinical applications_ S.H. Levitt, J.A. Purdy, C.A Perez, and S. Vijayakumar